

Land Acknowledgement

We would like to begin by acknowledging that we are gathering for this webinar from the ancestral, traditional territories of the Xwsepsum, Lkwungen, x^wməθkwəyəm, Skwxwú7mesh, Stó:lō, Səliłwəta?, Tk'emlúps te Secwepemc, and QayQayt First Nations.

We are privileged to live and work on the traditional and ancestral territories of Indigenous Peoples and Nations throughout British Columbia.





Disclaimers & Limitations

All material content and discussions:

- do not constitute legal advice nor a substitute for the law,
- are in accordance with the prevailing legislation as at June 3, 2025, and are subject to any subsequent changes to the legislation, the Government of BC's interpretation and/or subsequent court decisions.

To confirm the application of the legislation to your particular facts and circumstances, you should consult the legislation.



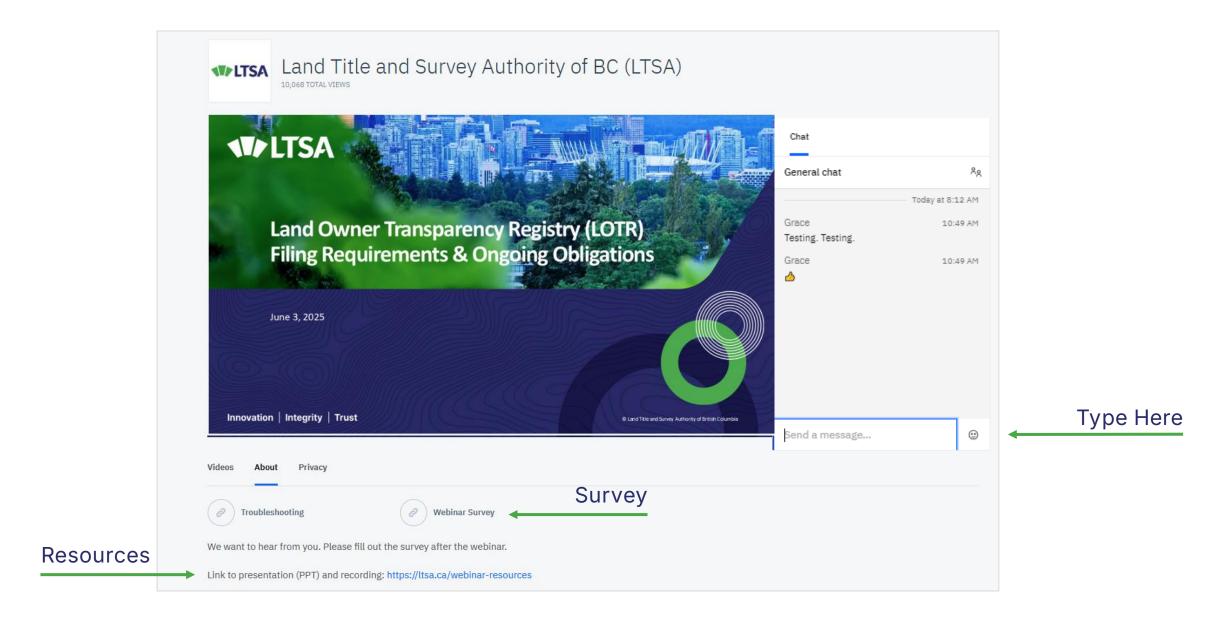
Terms & Acronyms

- LOTA Land Owner Transparency Act
- LOTR Land Owner Transparency Registry
- TD Transparency Declaration
- TR Transparency Report











Agenda

I. LOTR Filing Requirements

- When are LOTA disclosures required?
- Some natures of interest don't require LOTR filings
- Filing exclusions
- Severing joint tenancy
- Change of name

II. Tips for Filing

- Adding owners to title as joint tenants
- Separate transfers in the same package
- Joint filings and standalone transparency reports
- Copy transparency report data function
- Amendments
- Who is disclosed in the transparency report
- Section 13 tips (General rules for filing and completing transparency reports)
- Section 13(6)

III. Subdivision

- · How to use the plan field
- Effect of subdivisions

IV. Resources





When are LOTA disclosures required?

EVENT	WHO?	WHAT?	WHEN?	LOTA
(1) Registration of an interest in land	a. All transfereesb. Reporting Body	a. Transparency Declarationb. Transparency Declaration & Transparency Report	Upon application to register an interest in land	a. s. 10 b. s. 10 & 12
(2) Revesting of a property by the Surveyor of Taxes	a. Surveyor of Taxesb. Reporting Body	a. Transparency Declarationb. Transparency Report	 a. Upon application to revest a property b. Within 2 months after receiving notification from the Surveyor of Taxes 	a. s. 10.1 b. s. 15.1
(3) Pre-existing owner of an interest in land is a Reporting Body	Reporting Body	Transparency Report	By November 30, 2022	s. 15(1)
(4) Interest in land held by a pre-existing owner that is a reporting body transfers to a new owner	Reporting Body	None required	Before November 30, 2022	s. 15(2)
(5) Pre-existing owner that is a Reporting Body that has not yet filed a Transparency Report, ceases to be a Reporting Body	Reporting Body	None required	Before November 30, 2022	s. 15(3)
(6) Registered owner becomes a Reporting Body	Reporting Body	Transparency Report	Within 2 months of becoming a Reporting Body	s. 15(4-5)
(7) Change of Interest Holders	Reporting Body	New updated Transparency Report	Within 2 months of becoming aware of the change	s. 16
(8) Need to complete or correct information in a previous filing	a. Transfereeb. Reporting Body	a. New updated Transparency Declarationb. New updated Transparency Report	Any time	a. s. 10.2 b. s. 17
(9) Registered owner ceases to be a Reporting Body	Registered owner that was formerly a Reporting Body	Notice to Administrator	Within 2 months of ceasing to be a Reporting Body	s. 17.1

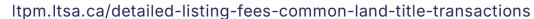


Some natures of interest don't require LOTR filings

Land Title Practice Manual (LTPM)

- Volume 1
 - Land Title and Survey Authority Fees
 - Detailed Listing Of Fees For Common Land Title Transactions

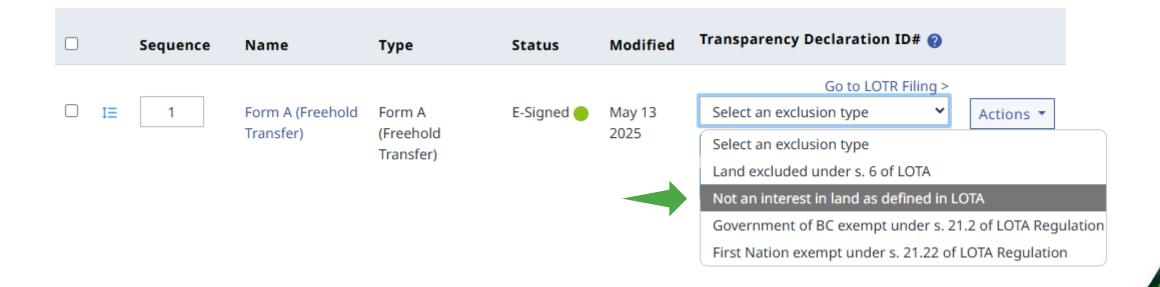
Form Type	Nature of Interest	Fee Item	Property Transfer Tax Form Required	Land Owner Transparency Register (LOTR) Filing Required
Form C Charge	TRANSFER OF CHARGE	Fee Item 2(1)(d)	N	N • unless the transfer of charge is a right to purchase or life estate





Filing exclusions

 If you've determined that the land title application is not dealing with an interest in land, you can select the exclusion type "Not an interest in land as defined in LOTA".



Severing joint tenancy

 If there is no change in ownership and only a change in tenancy, then LOTR filings are not required to be filed with the land title application.





Change of name

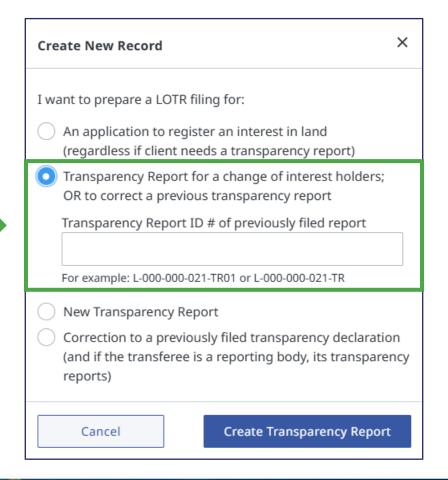
- Change of name applications do not require LOTR filings to be filed with them. However, if
 the registered owner is a reporting body, section 17 of LOTA gives discretion to the
 reporting body to file a new transparency report at any time to complete or correct
 information contained in a previously filed transparency report.
- It is recommended that a new transparency report be filed as soon as the change of name or change of name by amalgamation has been registered at the land title office.

Form Type	Nature of Interest	Fee Item	Property Transfer Tax Form Required	Land Owner Transparency Register (LOTR) Filing Required
Form 17 Fee Simple	CHANGE OF NAME	Fee Item 1(c)	N	N
Form 17 Fee Simple	CHANGE OF NAME— AMALGAMATION OF COMPANIES	Fee Item 1(c)	Υ	N

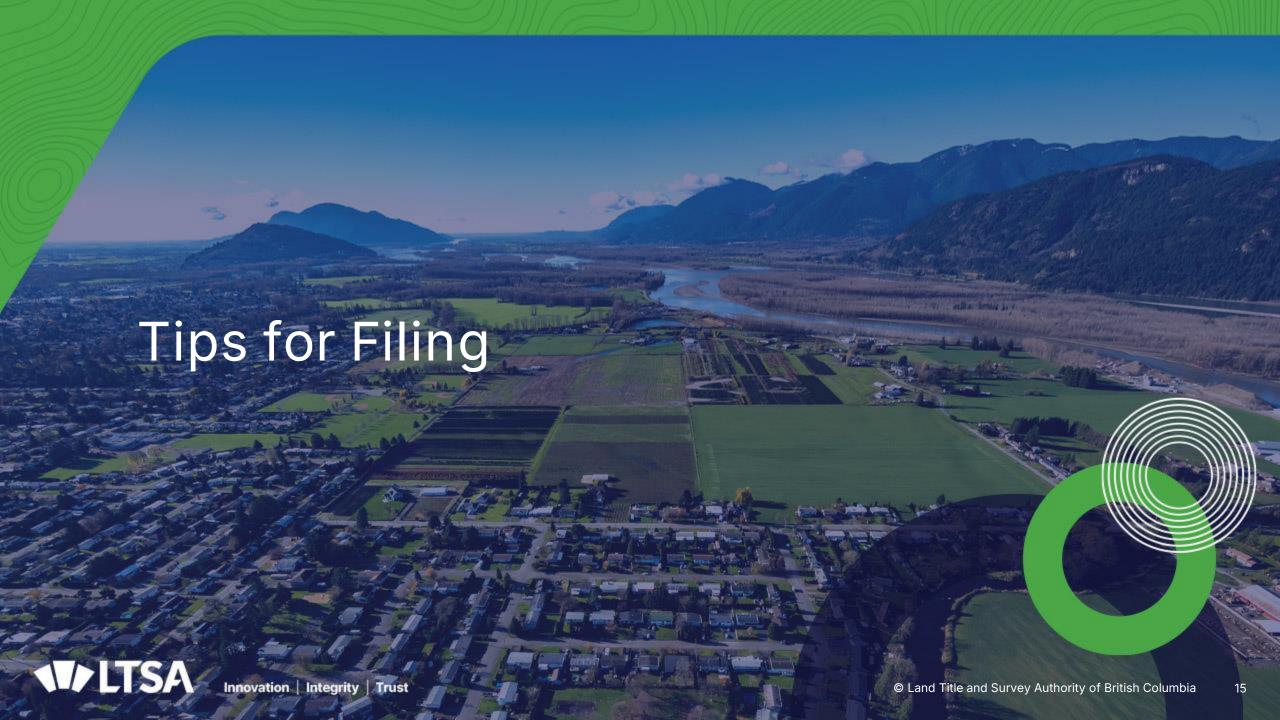
Itpm.ltsa.ca/detailed-listing-fees-common-land-title-transactions



Change of name



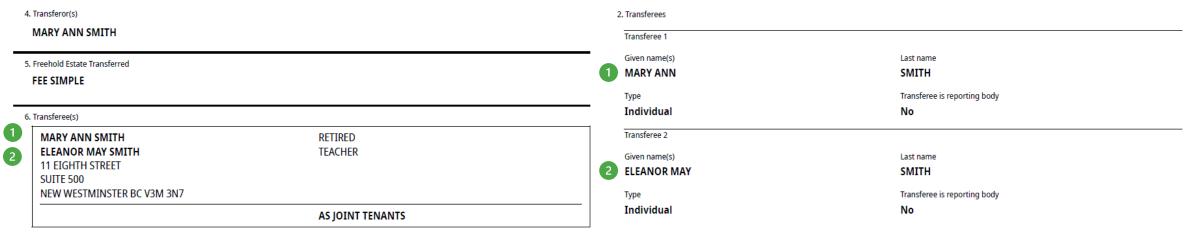
- 1. File the change of name application with the land title office.
- 2. Wait for the change of name application to be registered.
- 3. File a new transparency report to correct the previously filed one.



Adding owners to title as joint tenants

• Even when adding one or multiple people to title as joint tenants, all transferees that are listed on the land title form need to be listed as transferees on the transparency declaration as well.

Section 10(1): ...on an application to register an interest in land, each transferee must file with the administrator a transparency declaration...



Land Title Form

Transparency Declaration





Separate transfers in the same package

 Do not use one transparency declaration for separate transfers if the transferee sections are different, even if they're in the same package.

1	Transmission to Surviving Joint Tenant	Transferee(s): MARY ANN SMITH
	Transparency Declaration	Transferee(s): MARY ANN SMITH
	L-001-002-003-TD	ELEANOR MAY SMITH



2	Freehold Transfer (of an undivided ½ interest)	Transferee(s): ELEANOR MAY SMITH
	Transparency Declaration	Transferee(s): MARY ANN SMITH
	1-001-002-003-TD	ELEANOD MAY SMITH





Separate transfers in the same package

 Instead, you must create and file separate transparency declarations, one for each land title application with the matching transferee names.

1	Transmission to Surviving Joint Tenant	Transferee(s): MARY ANN SMITH	
	Transparency Declaration L-001-002-003-TD	Transferee(s): MARY ANN SMITH	

2	Freehold Transfer (of an undivided ½ interest)	Transferee(s): ELEANOR MAY SMITH
	Transparency Declaration I -123-456-789-TD	Transferee(s): ELEANOR MAY SMITH



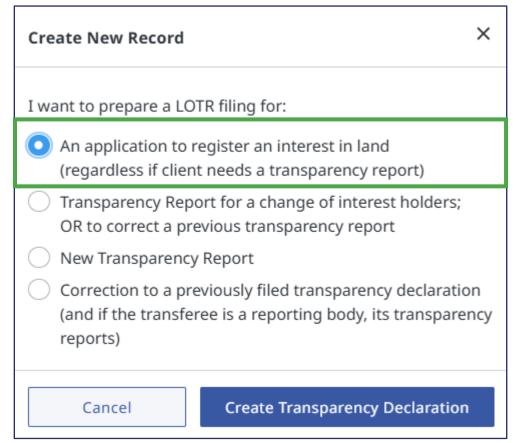
Joint filings and standalone transparency reports

- A transparency declaration is only required when filing a land title application to register an
 interest in land. Any transferee that is a reporting body will also require an accompanying
 transparency report, which can be generated from within the transparency declaration. These
 are known as joint filings. Joint filings can only be submitted by associating the transparency
 declaration ID number with a land title application.
- If you are not filing a land title application to register an interest in land, do not create a transparency declaration.
- If you need to file a transparency report on its own e.g., under section 15 because a registered owner has become a reporting body, you must create a standalone transparency report.

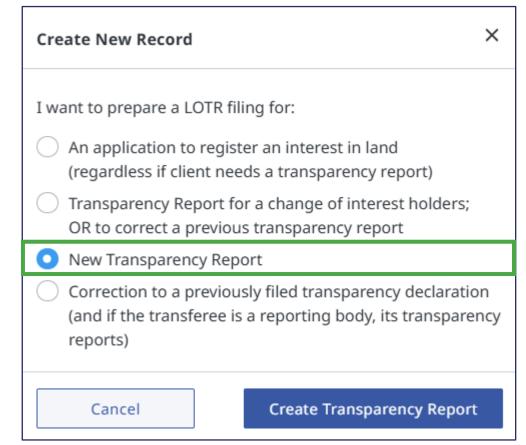




Joint filings and standalone transparency reports



Transparency Declaration (and if necessary, accompanying Transparency Reports are generated from within it to create a joint filing)

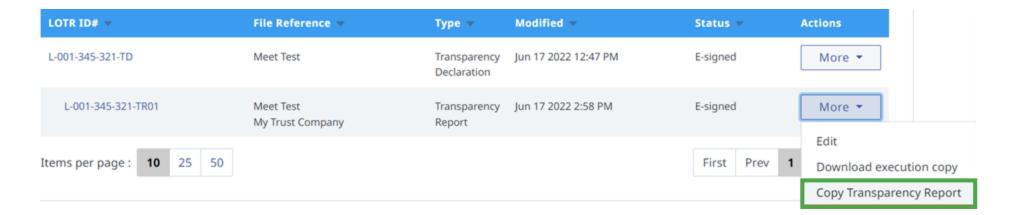


Standalone Transparency Report

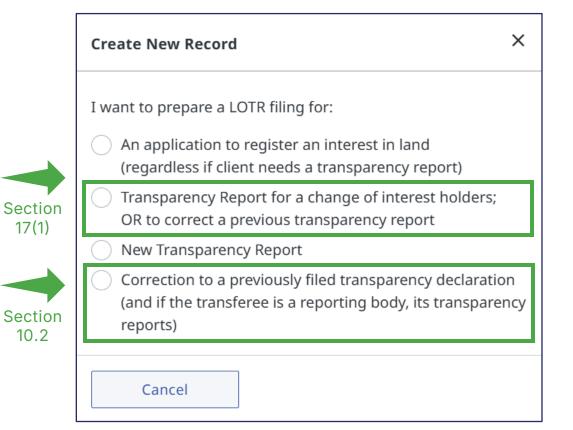


Copy transparency report data function

 You can copy select content from a transparency report that was created incorrectly as part of a joint filing into a new standalone transparency report by using the "Copy Transparency Report" function.



Amendments



Section 17(1): ...a reporting body may, at any time the reporting body considers necessary in order to complete or correct information contained in a previously filed transparency report, file with the administrator a new transparency report

Section 10.2: A transferee may, at any time the transferee considers necessary in order to correct information contained in a transparency declaration previously filed under section 10 (1) [transparency declaration required with application to register interest in land], file with the administrator a new transparency declaration completed in accordance with that section.

TIP: You must input all the required information in the amendment, not just the missing or corrected information.

Who is disclosed in the transparency report

The obligation to file a transparency report under LOTA is always placed on the registered owner if they are a reporting body.

- Each reporting body must file their own transparency report e.g. where two trustees are registered on title, each trustee must file their own and separate transparency report.
- In a transparency report that's filed with a transparency declaration (joint filing), the reporting body name should always match the transferee's name.
- In a standalone transparency report, the reporting body name should always match the name of the registered owner of the interest(s) in land.
- Interest holders disclosed in a transparency report will always be individuals.
 - See section 1 of LOTA for the definition of "interest holder".
 - See sections 2-4 of LOTA which set out the meaning of the three types of interest holders (beneficial owners, corporate interest holders, and partnership interest holders).
 - In respect of relevant corporations, when there is an intermediary between the relevant corporation and the beneficial interest holder(s), you can refer to the Land Owner Transparency Regulation and the Government of BC's website for quidance on "indirect control" to determine who the ultimate interest holders are that need to be disclosed.





Example: Who is disclosed in the transparency report

- Relevant intermediaries and certain interest holders <u>are not</u> disclosed in LOTR.
- Reporting body: GP files transparency report as partner in a relevant partnership.

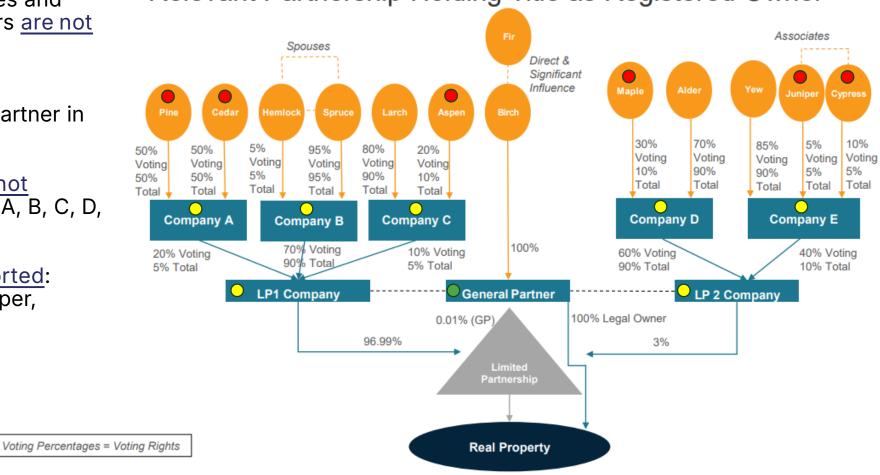
Relevant intermediaries not

o reported: LP1, LP2, Co's A, B, C, D, E.

Interest holders <u>not reported</u>:

Pine, Cedar, Aspen, Juniper, Cypress, Maple.

Relevant Partnership Holding Title as Registered Owner





Understanding LOTR Webinar (landtransparency.ca/resources)

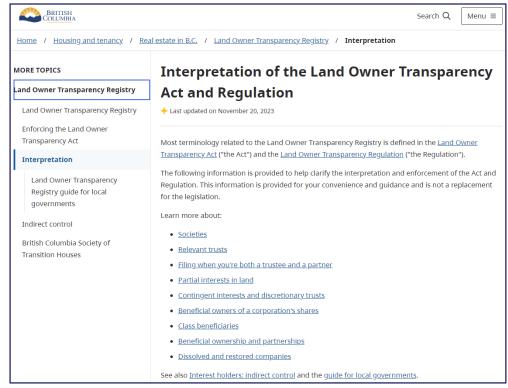
Section 13 tips (General rules for filing and completing transparency reports)

REPORTING BODY	MUST FILE TR AS	LOTA
Trustee of a relevant trust whether or not a trust instrument is filed	Trustee of a relevant trust	s. 13(1)
Trustee of a relevant trust is also a relevant corporation and the trustee holds the interest in land in trust	Trustee of a relevant trust	s. 13(2)
Partner of a relevant partnership is also a relevant corporation and the interest in land is partnership property	Partner of a relevant partnership	s. 13(3)
All partners in the relevant partnership referred to in subsection (3) are relevant corporations and the interest in land is registered in the name of all the relevant corporations	Relevant corporation (Each partner must file a TR)	s. 13(4)
Partner of a relevant partnership is also a trustee of a relevant trust and the interest in land is partnership property	Partner of a relevant partnership	s. 13(4.1)
All partners of a relevant partnership are individuals and the interest in land is registered in the name of all those individuals	TR not required	s. 13(5)
Trustee of a relevant trust and the interest in land is registered in the name of all the beneficial owners	TR not required	s. 13(6)



Government of BC's interpretation on partial interests in land:

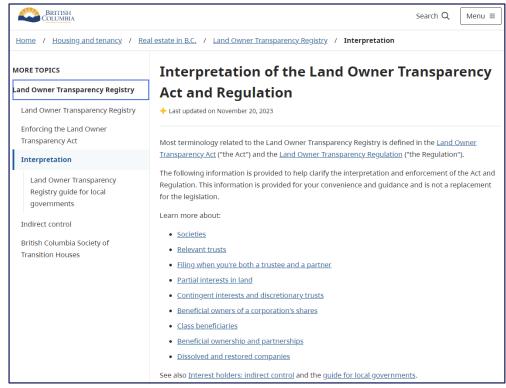
- An individual may be the registered owner of a small (such as 1%) interest in land; for example, in a situation where a parent is assisting with the down payment on property.
- In these situations, it is possible the parent would be considered a trustee of a relevant trust and therefore be required to file a transparency report. It depends on the specifics of the agreement between parties.



www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/housing-tenancy/real-estate-bc/landowner-transparency-registry/interpretation#partial-interests

To determine if you are a reporting body, you must consider:

- Do you have a beneficial interest in the land e.g. would you be entitled to receive a portion of the sale proceeds from the sale of the property or enforce other equitable rights in court?; or
- Are you holding the interest for the benefit of the other transferee(s) (such as the child) and are only listed on title for financing or other purposes?
 If this is the case, then you could consider yourself holding the interest as a trustee for the benefit of the other transferee (such as the child).



www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/housing-tenancy/real-estate-bc/landowner-transparency-registry/interpretation#partial-interests





Section 13(6): A trustee of a relevant trust is not required to file a transparency report if the interest in land is or will be registered in the name of all the beneficial owners in respect of the interest in land.

In this example, a transparency report would not be required because all the beneficiaries are exposed on title:

Title Beneficiaries

ELEANOR MAY SMITH as to an undivided 99/100 interest

MARY ANN SMITH as to an undivided 1/100 interest

ELEANOR MAY SMITH

MARY ANN SMITH



In this example, a transparency report is required because a beneficiary is not exposed on title:

Title Beneficiaries

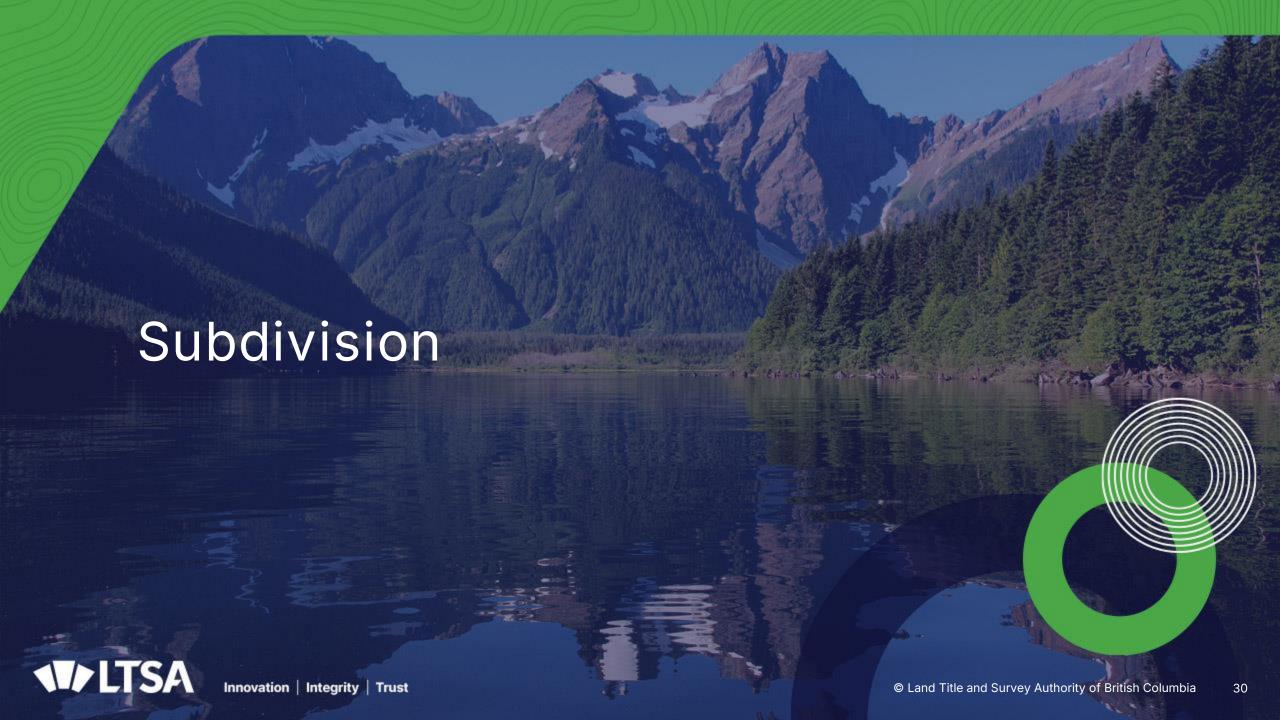
ELEANOR MAY SMITH as to an undivided 99/100 interest

MARY ANN SMITH as to an undivided 1/100 interest

ELEANOR MAY SMITH

MARY ANN SMITH

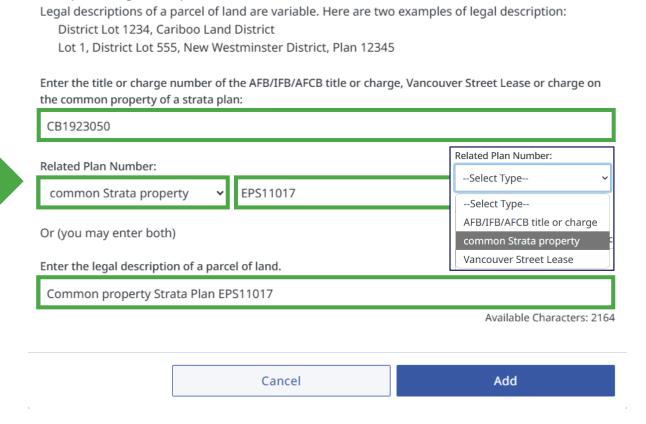
JOHN SMITH



How to use the plan field







Example of a legal description of land

Effect of Subdivisions

- When land is subdivided all pre-existing filed transparency reports are carried to the created lands. Often this results in carrying two or more transparency reports, especially where a pre-plan transfer is required to establish common ownership of the new land.
- Public and authority searches of the new PIDs will show two, or more, transparency reports for the reporting body making search results incorrect.

The proposed subdivision is to take part of Lot I that is shown with shading in Sketch B and add it to Lot 2 to form a larger Lot A. Lot I is owned by Melvin and is subject to a mortgage, EL1234, in favour of Mortco Finance Ltd. Lot 2 is owned by Jones and is subject to a mortgage, EL5678, in favour of Trustco Ltd.

Sketch B: Proposed Electronic Subdivision Plan of Lots 1 and 2, VIP 13579 with pre-assigned plan number beginning with the prefix EPP e.g. EPP1234

Remainder	LOT A
LOT 1	EPP1234





Subdivision

- A transparency report must contain the information required by section 18 of the LOTA.
- Section 18(f) requires the parcel identifier assigned to the land to which the report relates.
- Lands created by subdivision have different parcel identifier numbers.
- Section 17 sets out that the reporting body may file a new transparency report to complete or correct information contained in a previously filed transparency report.



Resources

Land Owner Transparency Act

www.bclaws.gov.bc.ca/civix/document/id/complete/statreg/19023

Land Owner Transparency Regulation

www.bclaws.gov.bc.ca/civix/document/id/complete/statreg/250_2020

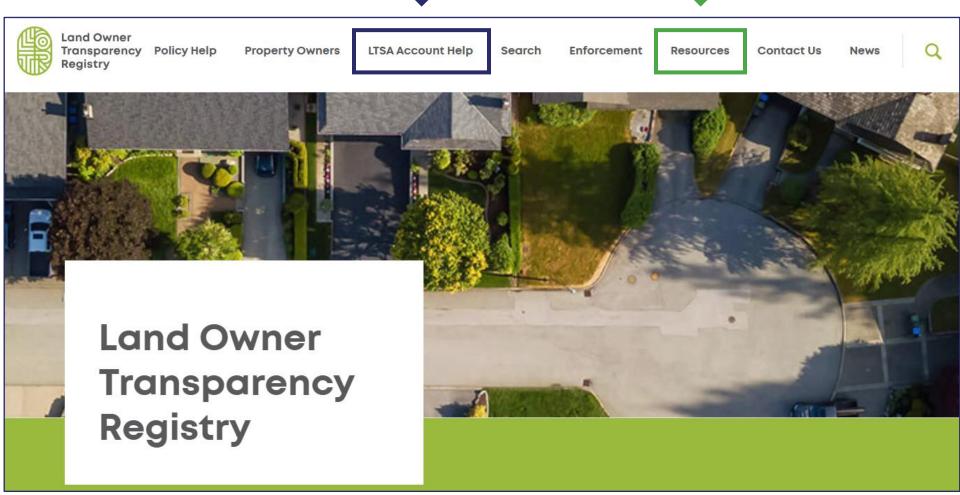
Government of BC

- For information on Filing Exclusions, Interpretation, Indirect Control, and more.
- www.gov.bc.ca/landownertransparency

landtransparency.ca









Resources

Land Owner Transparency Registry

landtransparency.ca

Land Title Practice Manual

- Itpm.ltsa.ca/land-owner-transparency-act-sbc-2019-c-23
- Itpm.ltsa.ca/detailed-listing-fees-common-land-title-transactions

Contact Us:

- LOTR Services: LOTR@ltsa.ca
- LTSA Customer Service Centre: 1-877-577-5872 or 604-630-9630 Option 2





